

# **NEWS RELEASE**



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## Occupational Employment and Wages in Chico, May 2013

Workers in the Chico Metropolitan Statistical Area had an average (mean) hourly wage of \$20.30 in May 2013, about 9 percent below the nationwide average of \$22.33, according to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Regional Commissioner Richard J. Holden noted that, after testing for statistical significance, no wages in the local area were significantly higher than their respective national averages in 22 major occupational groups. Nine groups had significantly lower wages than their respective national averages, including management; arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media; and life, physical, and social science.

When compared to the nationwide distribution, local employment was more highly concentrated in 7 of the 22 occupational groups, including education, training, and library; food preparation and serving related; and healthcare practitioners and technical. Conversely, 11 groups had employment shares significantly below their national representation, including production, business and financial operations, and transportation and material moving. (See <u>table A</u> and box note at end of release.)

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and the Chico Metropolitan Statistical Area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2013

	Percent of total	al employment	Mean hourly wage		
Major occupational group	United States	Chico	United States	Chico	Percent difference (1)
Total, all occupations	100.0%	100.0%	\$22.33	\$20.30*	-9
Management	4.9	4.2*	53.15	43.28*	-19
Business and financial operations	5.0	2.8*	34.14	30.52*	-11
Computer and mathematical	2.8	1.3*	39.43	32.53*	-17
Architecture and engineering	1.8	0.6*	38.51	34.21*	-11
Life, physical, and social science	0.9	0.7*	33.37	25.95*	-22
Community and social services	1.4	3.0*	21.50	19.80	-8
Legal	0.8	0.4*	47.89	42.61	-11
Education, training, and library	6.3	9.6*	24.76	25.66	4
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	1.3	0.9*	26.72	19.24*	-28
Healthcare practitioner and technical	5.8	7.9*	35.93	36.79	2
Healthcare support	3.0	4.2*	13.61	14.49	6
Protective service	2.5	1.5*	20.92	22.77	9

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and the Chico Metropolitan Statistical Area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2013 - Continued

	Percent of total	al employment	Mean hourly wage			
Major occupational group	United States	Chico	United States	Chico	Percent difference (1)	
Food preparation and serving related	9.0	11.3*	10.38	9.92*	-4	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	3.2	3.3	12.51	12.94	3	
Personal care and service	3.0	3.4	11.88	11.46	-4	
Sales and related	10.6	11.6*	18.37	16.23*	-12	
Office and administrative support	16.2	16.4	16.78	16.38	-2	
Farming, fishing, and forestry	0.3	1.2*	11.70	11.29	-4	
Construction and extraction	3.8	3.3*	21.94	22.62	3	
Installation, maintenance, and repair	3.9	3.8	21.35	19.76*	-7	
Production	6.6	3.6*	16.79	17.09	2	
Transportation and material moving	6.8	5.0*	16.28	15.85	-3	

<sup>(1)</sup> A positive percent difference measures how much the mean wage in Chico is above the national mean wage, while a negative difference reflects a lower wage.

One occupational group—healthcare practitioners and technical—was chosen to illustrate the diversity of data available for any of the 22 major occupational categories. Chico had 5,380 jobs in healthcare practitioners and technical, accounting for 7.9 percent of local area employment, significantly higher than the 5.8-percent share nationally. The average hourly wage for this occupational group locally was \$36.79, compared to the national wage of \$35.93.

Some of the largest detailed occupations within the healthcare practitioners and technical group included registered nurses (2,390), licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses (390), and pharmacy technicians (270). Among the higher paying jobs were general pediatricians and general dentists with mean hourly wages of \$111.88 and \$104.11, respectively. At the lower end of the wage scale were dietetic technicians (\$12.19) and medical records and health information technicians (\$15.89). (Detailed occupational data for healthcare practitioners and technical are presented in <u>table 1</u>; for a complete listing of detailed occupations available go to www.bls.gov/oes/2013/may/oes 17020.htm.)

Location quotients allow us to explore the occupational make-up of a metropolitan area by comparing the composition of jobs in an area relative to the national average. (See <u>table 1</u>.) For example, a location quotient of 2.0 indicates that an occupation accounts for twice the share of employment in the area than it does nationally. In the Chico Metropolitan Statistical Area, above average concentrations of employment were found in many of the occupations within the healthcare practitioners and technical group. For instance, respiratory therapists were employed at 2.6 times the national rate in Chico, and surgical technologists, at 1.9 times the U.S. average. On the other hand, licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses had a location quotient of 1.1 in Chico, indicating that this particular occupation's local and national employment shares were similar.

These statistics are from the Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey, a federal-state cooperative program between BLS and State Workforce Agencies, in this case, the California Employment Development Department.

<sup>\*</sup> The percent share of employment or mean hourly wage for this area is significantly different from the national average of all areas at the 90-percent confidence level.

#### Note

OES wage and employment data for the 22 major occupational groups in the Chico metropolitan statistical area were compared to their respective national averages based on statistical significance testing. Only those occupations with wages or employment shares above or below the national wage or share after testing for significance at the 90-percent confidence level meet the criteria.

NOTE: A value that is statistically different from another does not necessarily mean that the difference has economic or practical significance. Statistical significance is concerned with the ability to make confident statements about a universe based on a sample. It is entirely possible that a large difference between two values is not significantly different statistically, while a small difference is, since both the size and heterogeneity of the sample affect the relative error of the data being tested.

## **Technical Note**

The Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey is a semiannual mail survey measuring occupational employment and wage rates for wage and salary workers in nonfarm establishments in the United States. Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands are also surveyed, but their data are not included in the national estimates. OES estimates are constructed from a sample of about 1.2 million establishments. Forms are mailed to approximately 200,000 sampled establishments in May and November each year for a 3-year period. May 2013 estimates are based on responses from six semiannual panels collected in May 2013, November 2012, May 2012, November 2011, May 2011, and November 2010. The overall national response rate for the six panels is 75.3 percent based on establishments and 71.6 percent based on employment. The sample in the Chico Metropolitan Statistical Area included 1,148 establishments with a response rate of 79 percent. For more information about OES concepts and methodology, go to www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.tn.htm.

The OES survey provides estimates of employment and hourly and annual wages for wage and salary workers in 22 major occupational groups and 821 detailed occupations for the nation, states, metropolitan statistical areas, metropolitan divisions, and nonmetropolitan areas. In addition, employment and wage estimates for 94 minor groups and 458 broad occupations are available in the national data. OES data by state and metropolitan/nonmetropolitan area are available from www.bls.gov/oes/current/oessrcst.htm and www.bls.gov/oes/current/oessrcma.htm , respectively.

The May 2013 OES estimates are based on the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and the 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Information about the 2010 SOC is available on the BLS website at  $\underline{www.bls.gov/soc}$  and information about the 2012 NAICS is available at  $\underline{www.bls.gov/bls/naics.htm}$ .

### Area definitions

The substate area data published in this release reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget.

## The Chico, Calif. Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Butte County.

# **Additional information**

OES data are available on our regional web page at <a href="www.bls.gov/ro9/home.htm">www.bls.gov/ro9/home.htm</a>. Answers to frequently asked questions about the OES data are available at <a href="www.bls.gov/oes/oes\_ques.htm">www.bls.gov/oes/oes\_ques.htm</a>. Detailed technical information about the OES survey is available in our Survey Methods and Reliability Statement on the BLS website at <a href="www.bls.gov/oes/2013/may/methods\_statement.pdf">www.bls.gov/oes/2013/may/methods\_statement.pdf</a>. Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request — Voice phone: 202-691-5200; Federal Relay Service: 1-800-877-8339.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Chico Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2013

Occupation (1)	Emplo	yment	Mean wages	
	Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Location quotient <sup>(3)</sup>	Hourly	Annual <sup>(4)</sup>
Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	5,380	1.3	\$36.79	\$76,530
Dentists, General	40	0.8	104.11	216,560
Dietitians and Nutritionists	50	1.6	24.99	51,980
Pharmacists	170	1.2	67.23	139,840
Family and General Practitioners	40	0.6	76.44	158,990
Pediatricians, General	(5)	(5)	111.88	232,720
Physician Assistants	60	1.2	54.30	112,950
Physical Therapists	120	1.2	42.27	87,920
Respiratory Therapists	160	2.6	38.20	79,460
Speech-Language Pathologists	60	0.9	42.53	88,460
Veterinarians	50	1.5	38.56	80,210
Registered Nurses	2,390	1.7	37.48	77,950
Nurse Practitioners	50	0.8	50.33	104,680
Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologists	70	0.9	44.21	91,960
Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technicians	60	0.8	(5)	(5
Dental Hygienists	180	1.8	44.46	92,480
Diagnostic Medical Sonographers	40	1.2	42.30	87,980
Radiologic Technologists	120	1.2	31.29	65,080
Dietetic Technicians	70	5.1	12.19	25,350
Pharmacy Technicians	270	1.5	18.57	38,630
Surgical Technologists	90	1.9	29.30	60,930
Veterinary Technologists and Technicians	70	1.5	16.78	34,910
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	390	1.1	24.82	51,620
Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	130	1.4	15.89	33,040
Opticians, Dispensing	60	1.6	18.51	38,490
Health Technologists and Technicians, All Other	70	1.6	22.22	46,210

<sup>(1)</sup> For a complete listing of all detailed occupations in Chico, CA, see www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes\_17020.htm.

<sup>(2)</sup> Estimates for detailed occupations do not sum to the totals because the totals include occupations not shown separately. Estimates do not include self-employed workers.

<sup>(3)</sup> The location quotient is the ratio of the area concentration of occupational employment to the national average concentration. A location quotient greater than one indicates the occupation has a higher share of employment than average, and a location quotient less than one indicates the occupation is less prevalent in the area than average.

<sup>(4)</sup> Annual wages have been calculated by multiplying the hourly mean wage by a 'year-round, full-time' hours figure of 2,080 hours; for those occupations where there is not an hourly mean wage published, the annual wage has been directly calculated from the reported survey data.
(5) Estimate not released.